

HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT #2

Oct. 08, 2009

1. Using the calculus of residues, show that

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^2 \theta \, d\theta}{a + b \cos \theta} = \frac{2\pi}{b^2} (a - \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}) \quad (a > b > 0).$$

Examine the limiting value of this result as $b \rightarrow 0$.

2. Evaluate the contour integral

$$\oint_C \frac{\cosh(az)}{\cosh(\pi z)} dz \quad (|a| < \pi)$$

along the contour sketched in Fig. 7.5 of AW, to

show that, for $|a| < \pi$,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cosh(ax)}{\cosh(\pi x)} dx = 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \cos\left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) a = \sec\left(\frac{1}{2}a\right).$$

3. Solve problem 2, using a rectangular contour defined by its corners $(-R, R, R+i, -R+i)$, with $R \rightarrow \infty$.

4. Evaluate the contour integral

$$\oint_C e^{iz^2} dz$$

along a contour that consists of the radial line $\theta = 0$ going from $x=0$ to $x=R$, the circular arc $r=R$ going from $\theta = 0$ to $\theta = \pi/4$ and the radial line $\theta = \pi/4$ going from $r=R$ to $r=0$, with $R \rightarrow \infty$. Deduce that

$$\int_0^\infty \cos(x^2) dx = \int_0^\infty \sin(x^2) dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{8}$$

5. Evaluate the principal value of the contour integral

$$\int_C \frac{z + ie^{iz}}{z^3} dz$$

along the contour shown in Fig. 7.7 of Arfken, to show
that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x - \sin x}{x^3} dx = \frac{\pi i}{2}.$$

6. Using a suitable contour, evaluate the integral

$$\int_C \frac{z^{1/2}}{(z+1)^2} dz,$$

to show that

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^{1/2}}{(x+1)^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$