

## Physics 2b Quiz 4 solutions # 1

Component w/  $14\Omega$  resistor is rated for  $P = 11W$

How much current can safely flow through?

$$P = IV, V = IR \Rightarrow P = I^2 R \Rightarrow I = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R}} = \sqrt{\frac{11W}{14\Omega}} = 0.89A$$

Note: These may not be the same numerical values as appeared on your quiz. Nevertheless, the method of solution is the same.  $I = \sqrt{P/R}$ . Also note that, because of the wording of the question, we will also accept the answer which is lower than what you get when you calculate  $I$  using  $\sqrt{P/R}$ . On each test version there was one such choice.

# 2

Two <sup>identical</sup> capacitors in parallel have dielectrics  $K_1 = 2, K_2 = 3$ . We want to replace both materials with a dielectric  $K$  without changing the total capacitance. What is  $K$ ?

$$\text{Before : } C_{\text{total}} = K_1 C + K_2 C = (K_1 + K_2) C$$

$$\text{After : } C_{\text{total}} = K C + K C = 2K C$$

$$\Rightarrow 2K C = (K_1 + K_2) C$$

$$K = \frac{(K_1 + K_2)}{2} = \frac{2+3}{2} = \boxed{\frac{5}{2}}$$

## Physics 2b Quiz 4 Solutions #3

Long cylindrical capacitor w/ radii  $a = 25\text{ mm}$  and  $b = 100\text{ mm}$   
 $V = -500\text{ V}$ , what is  $U$  for  $L = 1\text{ m}$  section?

$$C = \frac{2\pi\epsilon_0 L}{\ln(b/a)} = \frac{2\pi\epsilon_0 (1\text{ m})}{\ln(100/25)} = 4.01 \times 10^{-11} \mu\text{F}$$

$$U = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = \frac{1}{2} (4.01 \times 10^{-11} \mu\text{F}) (-500\text{ V})^2 = \boxed{5.0 \mu\text{J}}$$

# 4

$\rho_{gold} = 2.44 \times 10^{-8} \Omega\text{m}$ ,  $r = 0.4\text{ mm}$ ,  $l = 20\text{ cm}$ ,  $I = 300\text{ mA}$   
 What is  $P$ ?

$$P = IV, V = IR \Rightarrow P = I^2 R = (300 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A})^2 \frac{\rho_{gold} (0.2\text{ m})}{\pi (0.4 \times 10^{-3}\text{ m})^2}$$

$$= 0.87 \text{ mW}$$

1.0.9 mW is the closest