

PHYS 87

Exercises (May 17, 2017):

Don't expect to go through all of these today. Will continue next week.

1. Typeset

$$\begin{array}{ccc} a = b & c = d & e = f \\ g = b & h = d & k = f \end{array}$$

2. Typeset

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2$$

3. Typeset two of these: φ , σ , ϑ , Ξ

4. Typeset

$$F = G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

5. Typeset

$$n_{\pm}(E, T) = \frac{1}{e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}} \pm 1} = \frac{1}{e^{\hbar\omega/k_B T} \pm 1}$$

Note: This uses the greek letter ω and the symbol \hbar .

6. Typeset

$$F_{\mu\nu} = [D_{\mu}, D_{\nu}] = \partial_{\mu} A_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu} A_{\mu} = \partial_{[\mu} A_{\nu]}$$

Note: This uses the greek letters μ and ν , and the symbol ∂ .

7. Typeset this (the first is inline, the next two are separate displayed equations):

“Taylor expansion $e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} x^n$.”

$$\int_0^1 \frac{df}{dx} dx = f(1) - f(0)$$

$$e^{\zeta(s)} = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{1/n^s}$$

(This uses the greek letter zeta).

Solutions

Exercise 1: `\begin{align*}`
`a&=b & c&=d & e&=f \\`
`g&=b & h&=d & k&=f`
`\end{align*}`

Exercise 2: `\item Typeset`
`\[`
`a^2=b^2+c^2`
`\]`
`\bigskip`

Exercise 3: `\female`, `\male`, `\taurus`, `\boxminus`
Make sure packages *wasy* and *amssymb* are loaded!

Exercise 4: `\[`
`F = G_N\frac{m_1m_2}{r^2}`
`\]`
`\bigskip`

Exercise 5: `\[`
`n_{\pm}(E,T)=\frac{1}{k_{BT}}e^{\pm\frac{E}{k_{BT}}}`
`=\frac{1}{k_{BT}}e^{\pm\frac{\hbar\omega}{k_{BT}}}`
`\]`
`\bigskip`

Exercise 6: `\[`
`F_{\mu\nu} = [D_{\mu} , D_{\nu}]`
`=\partial_{\mu} A_{\nu}-\partial_{\nu} A_{\mu}`
`=\partial_{[\mu} A_{\nu]}`
`\]`

Exercise 7: ‘‘Taylor expansion $e^x=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!}x^n$.’’
`\[\int_0^1 \frac{df}{dx}dx= f(1)-f(0)\]`
`\[e^{\zeta(s)}=\prod_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{1/n^s}\]`

Exercises (May 24, 2017):

Don't expect to go through all of these today. Will continue next week.

- Typeset

$$F = G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

- Typeset

$$n_{\pm}(E, T) = \frac{1}{e^{\frac{E}{k_B T}} \pm 1} = \frac{1}{e^{\hbar\omega/k_B T} \pm 1}$$

Note: This uses the greek letter ω and the symbol \hbar .

- Typeset

$$F_{\mu\nu} = [D_{\mu}, D_{\nu}] = \partial_{\mu} A_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu} A_{\mu} = \partial_{[\mu} A_{\nu]}$$

Note: This uses the greek letters μ and ν , and the symbol ∂ .

- Typeset this (the first is inline, the next two are separate displayed equations):

“Taylor expansion $e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} x^n$.”

$$\int_0^1 \frac{df}{dx} dx = f(1) - f(0)$$

$$e^{\zeta(s)} = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{1/n^s}$$

(This uses the greek letter zeta).

- Typeset these two expressions as separate *displayed equations*:

$$2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right] \quad x^2 \left(\sum_n A_n + 3 \left(b + \frac{1}{c} \right) \right) \Big|_0$$

Solutions

Exercise 1: \[

$$F = G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

\]

\bigskip

Exercise 2: \[

$$n_{\pm}(E, T) = \frac{1}{e^{\frac{E}{k_{BT}}} \pm 1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{e^{\frac{\hbar\omega}{k_{BT}}} \pm 1}$$

\]

\bigskip

Exercise 3: \[

$$F_{\mu\nu} = [D_{\mu}, D_{\nu}]$$

$$= \partial_{\mu} A_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu} A_{\mu}$$

$$= \partial_{\mu} [A_{\nu}]$$

\]

Exercise 4: ‘Taylor expansion $e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} x^n$.’

$$\int_0^1 \frac{df}{dx} dx = f(1) - f(0)$$

$$e^{\zeta(s)} = \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} e^{1/n^s}$$

Exercise 5: $\left[2 \left(3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right) \right]$

$$\left[\left(x^2 \left(\sum_n A_n + 3 \left(b + \frac{1}{c} \right) \right) \right) \right]_0$$

Exercises (May 31, 2017):

1. Typeset this, using the `multline*` environment:

$$2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{2^5} + \frac{1}{2^6} + \frac{1}{2^7} + \frac{1}{2^8} + \frac{1}{2^9} + \frac{1}{2^{10}} + \frac{1}{2^{11}} \right) = \frac{4095}{1024}$$

2. We previously had

$$\left[2 \left(3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right) \right]$$

giving

$$2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right]$$

Make it look like this:

$$2 \left[3 \frac{a}{z} + 2 \left(\frac{a}{d} + 7 \right) \right]$$

3. Typeset: The Pauli matrices are:

$$\sigma^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \\ & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Note: The blank in the 2nd entry of the 1st row of σ^3 is a deliberate typo

4. Typeset this:

Jersey	First Name	Last Name
10	Cristiano	Ronaldo
11	Didier	Drogba
10	Edson	Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)

5. Typeset this:

Shape	Area	Perimeter
Disk of radius R	πR^2	$2\pi R$
Rectangle of sides L_1 and L_2	$L_1 L_2$	$2(L_1 + L_2)$
Square of side $L_1 = L_2$		
Right triangle, base b and height h	$\frac{1}{2}bh$	$b + h + \sqrt{b^2 + h^2}$

Solutions

Exercise 1:
$$2\left(1+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2^2}+\frac{1}{2^3}+\frac{1}{2^4}+\frac{1}{2^5}+\frac{1}{2^6}+\frac{1}{2^7}+\frac{1}{2^8}+\frac{1}{2^9}\right) \\ \left(\frac{1}{2^{10}}+\frac{1}{2^{11}}\right)=\frac{4095}{1024}$$

Exercise 2:
$$\left[2\operatorname{Bigg}[3\frac{a}{z}+2\operatorname{bigg}(\frac{a}{d}+7\operatorname{bigg})\operatorname{Bigg}]\right]$$

Exercise 3: The Pauli matrices are:

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma^1 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \sigma^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 4:

Jersey	First Name	Last Name
10	Cristiano	Ronaldo
11	Didier	Drogba
10	Edson	Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)

Exercise 5:

Shape	Area	Perimeter
Disk of radius R	πR^2	$2\pi R$
Rectangle of sides L_1 and L_2	$L_1 L_2$	$2(L_1 + L_2)$
Square of side $L_1 = L_2$		
Right triangle, base b and height h	$\frac{1}{2}bh$	$b + h + \sqrt{b^2 + h^2}$

Exercises (June 7, 2017):

1. Typeset this:

Jersey	First Name	Last Name
10	Cristiano	Ronaldo
11	Didier	Drogba
10	Edson	Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)

2. Experiment with `table` environment:

- Paste a lot of text into your document, enough for a couple of pages of typeset material, at least 6 good paragraphs. (*Hint*: Find one good paragraph, copy it into the buffer, and paste it many times into your document). Then insert your *Dream Team Table* between paragraphs 2 and 3. Include a caption with a `\label{dreamteam}` (you provide the text). Insert `\ref{dreamteam}` somewhere in the text before and again after where you inserted the table.
- Typeset once with each of positioning `b`, `t` and `h`.
- Copy the table and caption and paste into the space between paragraphs 4 and 5. Typeset. Check console (warning on repeated labels). Change label of second table: `\label{dreamteam2}`. Insert a few `\ref{dreamteam2}` somewhere in the text before and again after where you inserted the table.

3. Find a triton on google images; then resize and crop it to get this:



Solutions

```
Exercise 1: \begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{c|l|l}
Jersey & First Name & Last Name \\ \hline \hline
10 & Cristiano & Ronaldo \\ \hline
11 & Didier & Drogba \\ \hline
10 & Edson & Arantes do Nascimento (Pele)
\end{tabular}
\end{center}
```

```
Exercise 2: \includegraphics[width=4cm,trim= 7cm 6cm 8cm 1cm,clip]{gl-5-triton.png}
```